

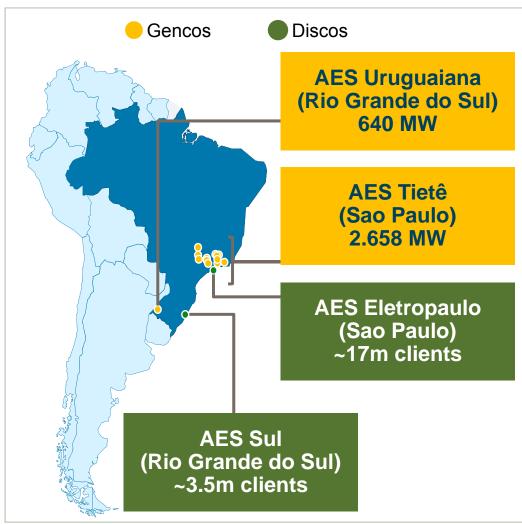
Bradesco CEO Forum

November, 2013

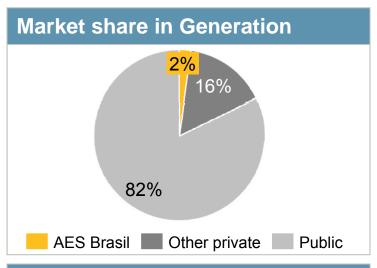


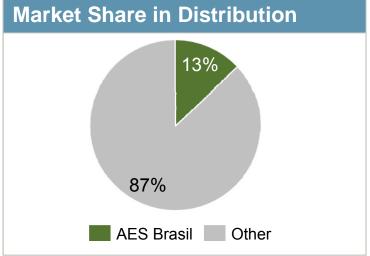
Financial information as of September 30, 2013





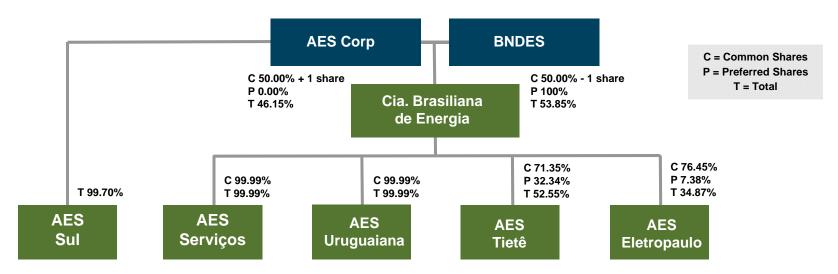
Leading position in Brazil

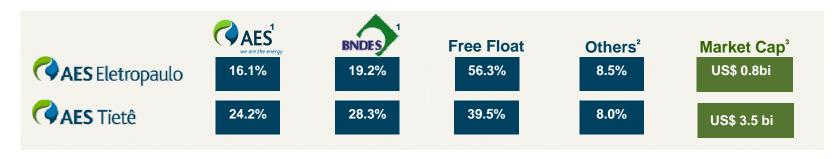






Shareholding structure

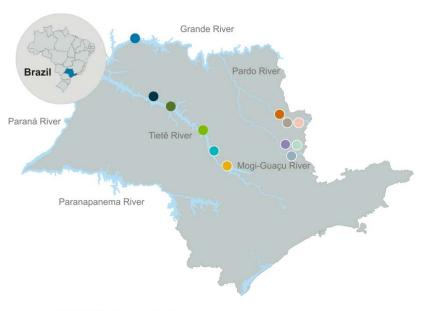




- 1 Parent companies, AES Corp and BNDES, have similar voting capital on each of the companies: approx 35.9% on AES Eletropaulo and 32.9% on AES Tiete
- 2 Includes Federal Government and Eletrobrás shares in AES Eletropaulo and AES Tietê, respectively
- 3 Base:10/31/2013. Consider preferred shares for AES Eletropaulo and preferred and common shares for AES Tietê



AES Tietê overview



AES Tietê's Power Plants:

- Agua Vermelha (1,396 MW)
- Nova Avanhandava (347 MW)
- Promissão (264 MW)
- Bariri (143 MW)
- Barra Bonita (141 MW)
- SHPP São Joaquim (3 MW)
- Ibitinga (132 MW)
- Euclides da Cunha (109 MW)
- Caconde (80 MW)
- Limoeiro (32 MW)
- SHPP Mogi-Guaçu (7 MW)
- SHPP São José (4 MW)

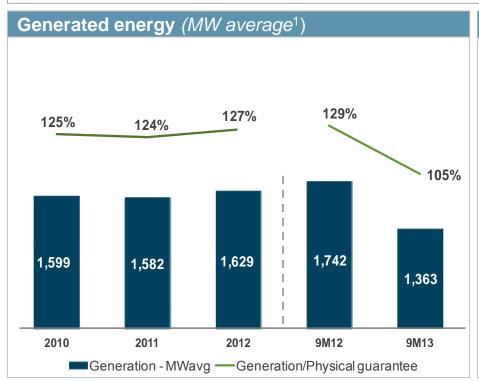
- 3rd largest among private generation companies
- 12 hydroelectric plants in São Paulo
- 30-year concession expiring in 2029
- Installed capacity of 2,658 MW, with physical guarantee¹ of 1,278 MWavg
- Physical guarantee contracted with AES Eletropaulo through Dec, 2015
- Listed at BM&F Bovespa (GETI3 and GETI4)
- Investment grade: Moody's; National: Aa1 and International: Baa3

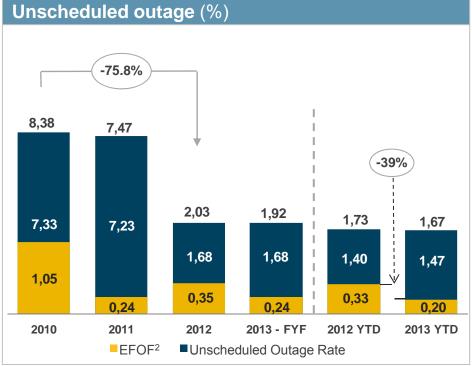
^{1 -} Amount of energy allowed to be long term contracted



Operational excellence

- Best practices in asset management (PASS 55 certified) AES Tietê was the first Latin American company to receive the certification from the British Standards Institute
- High operational availability



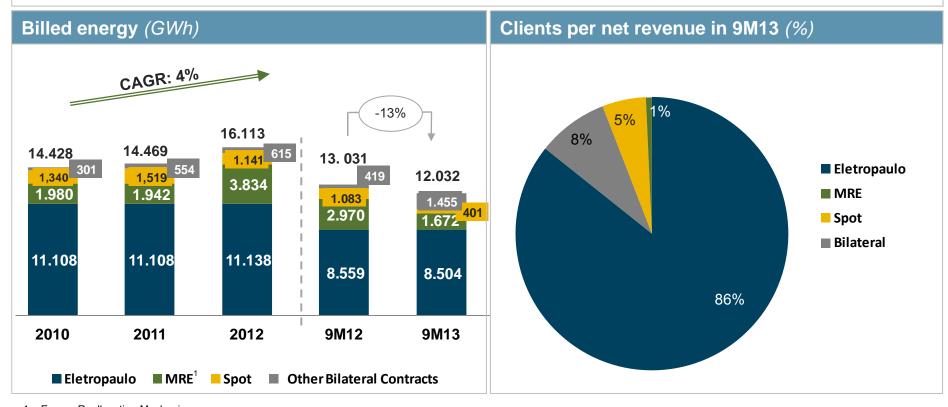


^{1 –} Generated energy divided by the amount of hours; 2 – Forced outage equivalent factor



Commercial

 86% of net revenues and 71% of billed energy in the 9M13 related to the bilateral agreement with AES Eletropaulo



^{1 -} Energy Reallocation Mechanism



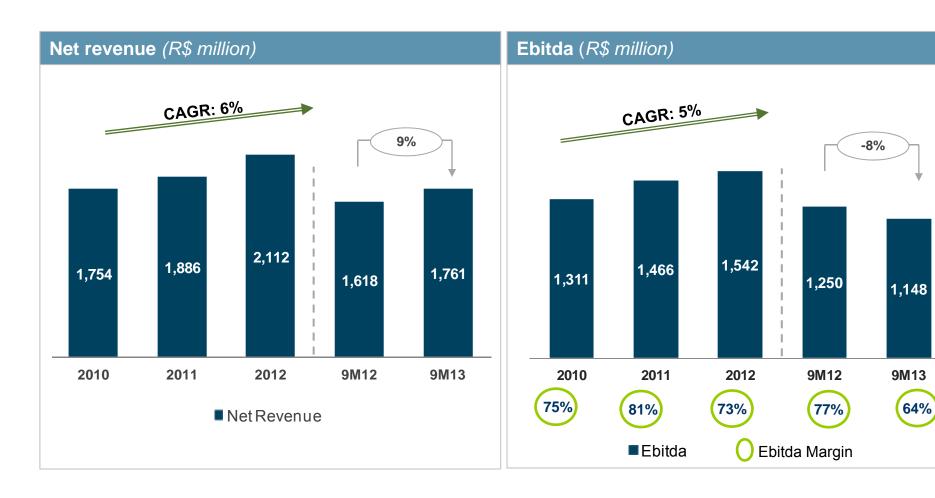
Energy commercialization

- 413 MWavg (33%) of the available energy contracted (200 Mwavg in 3Q13), with delivery in 2016
- Expected average selling price of energy available: R\$ 110 120/MWh
 - Expected prices for existing energy auction are R\$ 97 108/MWh





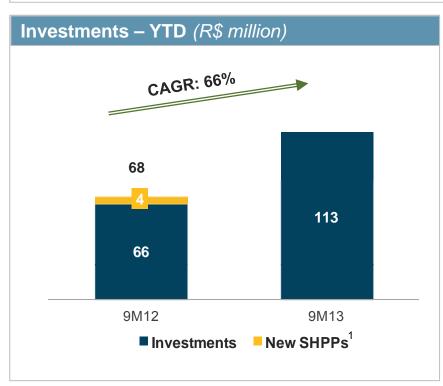
Financial highlights

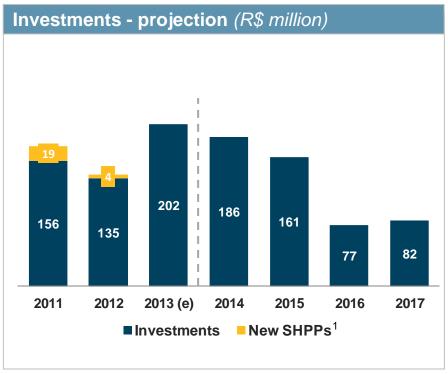


AES Tietê

Investments

Capex driven to modernization and operational efficiency





¹⁻ Small Hydro Power Plants



Growth projects

"Thermal São Paulo" Project (503 MW)

- Natural gas combined cycle thermal plant
- Previous license granted in Oct, 2011 valid for 5 years
- Pending gas supply
- Next steps: obtain installation license



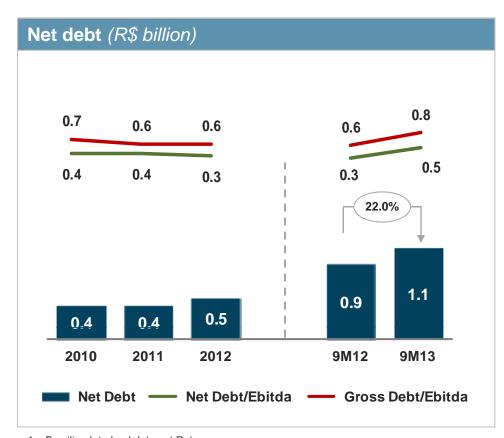
"Thermal Araraquara" Project (579 MW)

- Natural gas combined cycle thermal plant
- Purchase option acquired in March, 2012
- Pending gas supply
- Next steps: obtain installation license





Debt profile



1 - Brazilian Interbank Interest Rate

Covenants

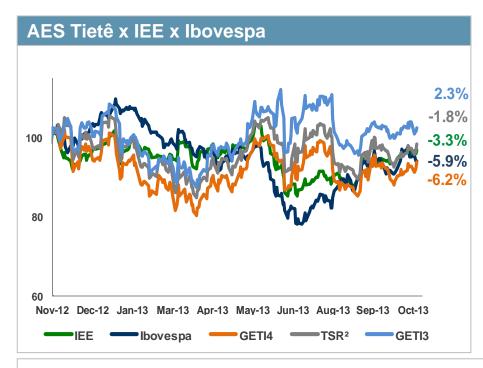
- Gross Debt/Adjusted Ebitda =< 2.5 x
- Net Debt/Adjusted Ebitda = < 3.5 x</p>
- Adjusted Ebitda/ Financial exp. > 1.75 x

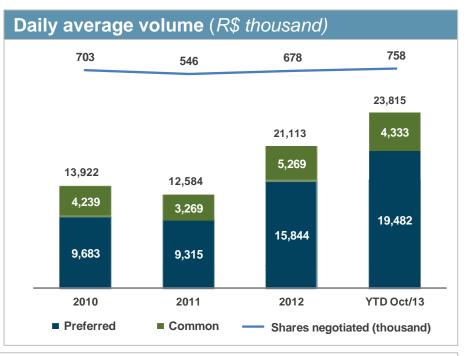
Average cost 9M13

- Average cost: 100% of CDI¹
- Average term (Years): 2.6
- Interest rate: 10.7%



Capital markets





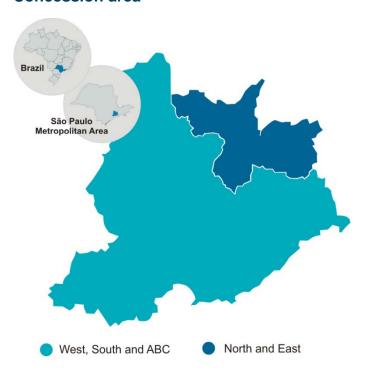
- Market Cap³: US\$ 3.5 billion / R\$ 7.9 billion
- BM&FBovespa: GETI3 (common shares) and GETI4 (preferred shares)



ADRs negotiated in US OTC Market: AESAY (common shares) and AESYY (preferred shares)



Concession area



AES Eletropaulo overview

- Largest distribution company in Latin America
- Serving 24 municipalities in São Paulo metropolitan area
- Concession contract expires in 2028
- Concession area responsible for ~17% of Brazil's GDP¹
- 46k km of lines, ~7 million consumption units and ~20 million clients served in a concession area of 4,526 km²
- 46 TWh distributed in 2012
- **6,247 employees** as of September, 2013
- Listed at BM&F Bovespa (ELPL3 and ELPL4)

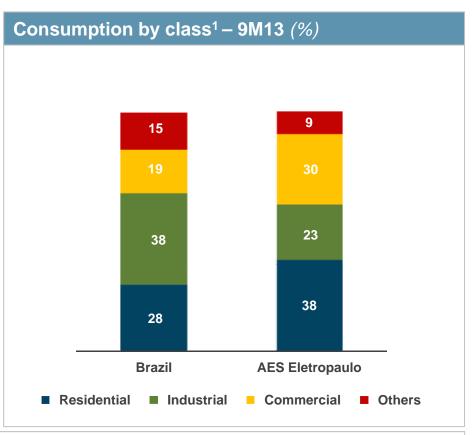
Investment grade:	Fitch	S&P	Moody's
National	AA	AA-	Aa2
International	BB+	BB	Ba1

1 - Source: IBGE, 2010.



Consumption evolution



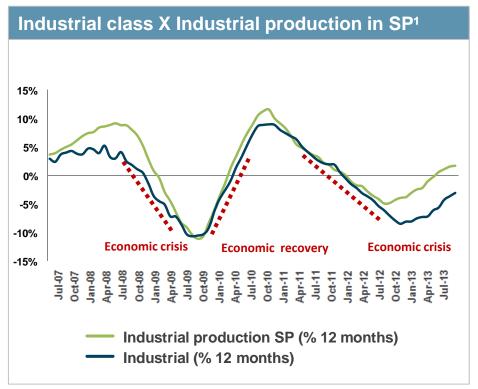


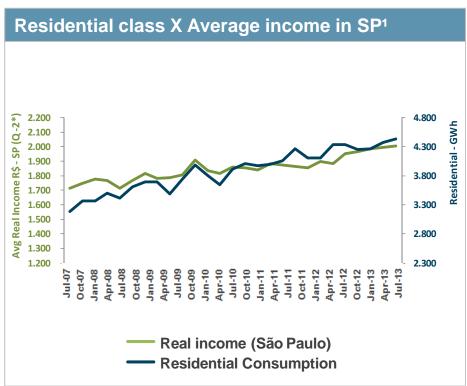
- State of São Paulo GDP growth 3.3% (5-year average)
 - GDP growth expectation in the state of São Paulo: 1.9% in 2013, 2.4% in 2014 and 2.6% in 2015

1 – Net of own consumption



Consumption evolution



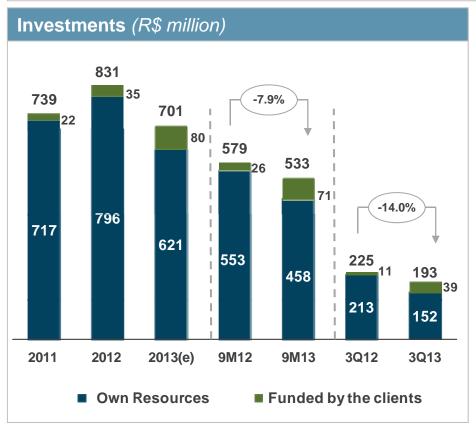


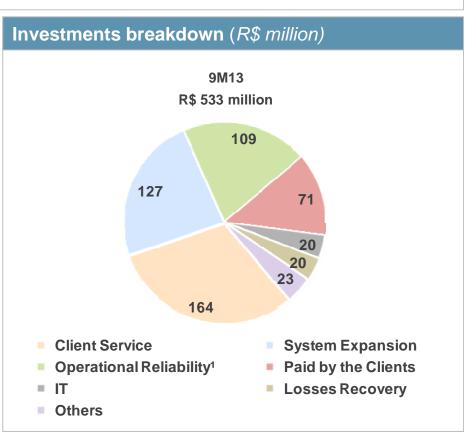
- Consumption focused on more resilient segments (residential and commercial)
 - Consumption per residential client: average growth of 1.7% in the last 6 years (2007-2012)
 - Industrial consumption impacted by lower industrial production in Brazil



Investments

Investment plan: R\$ 3.2 billion in the period of 2013-2017





^{1 –} Operational reliability Capex corresponds to investments made for grid modernization and improvement in quality of service



Operational performance

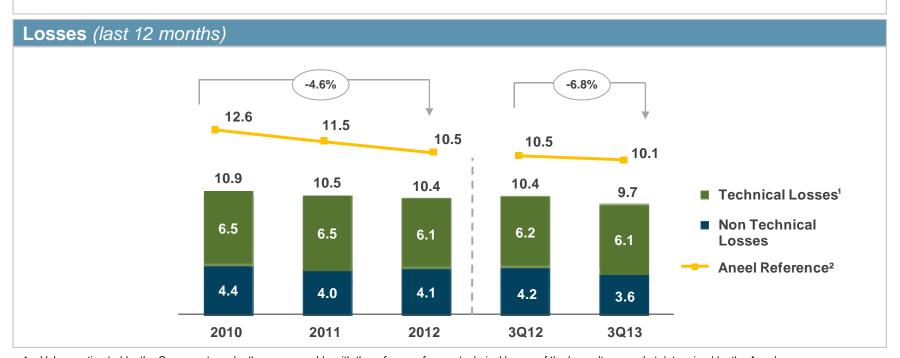
SAIDI and **SAIFI** reduced by ~ 5%, with 40% reduction in transgression penalties





Operational performance

■ 14% reduction in non-technical losses and total losses within the regulatory parameter

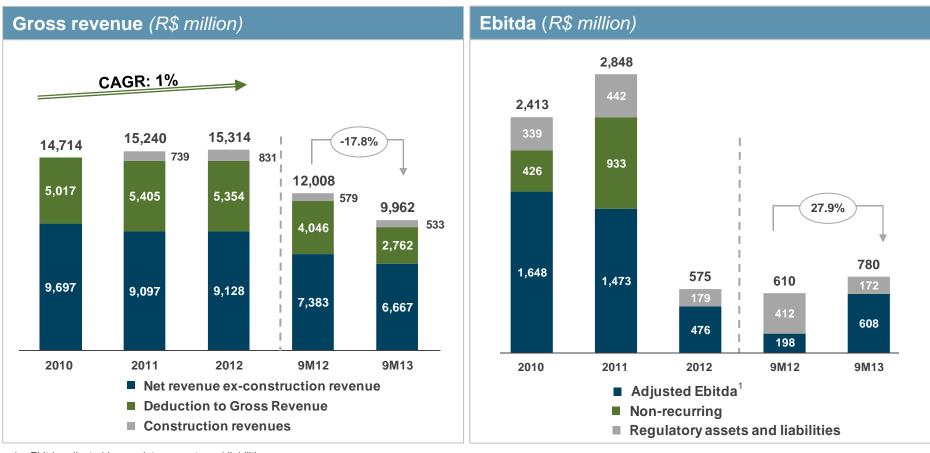


^{1 –} Values estimated by the Company to make them comparable with the reference for non-technical losses of the low voltage market determined by the Aneel

^{2 –} Aneel reference: normalized values for the regular calendar



Financial highlights

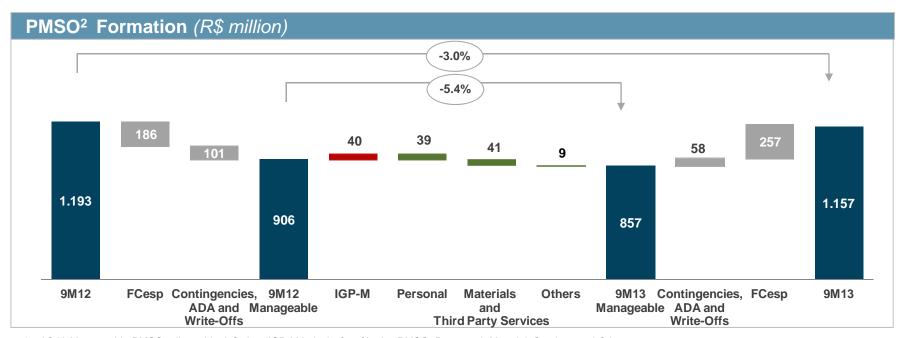


^{1 –} Ebitda adjusted by regulatory assets and liabilities.



Cost management excellence

- R\$ 89 million reduction in 9M13 vs. the same period in 2012 adjusted by the IGP-M¹ (89% of target)
- Guidance reviewed to R\$ 140 million in 2013



^{1 – 3}Q12 Manageable PMSO adjusted by inflation (IGP-M index) of 4.4%; 2 – PMSO: Personnel, Material, Services and Other expenses

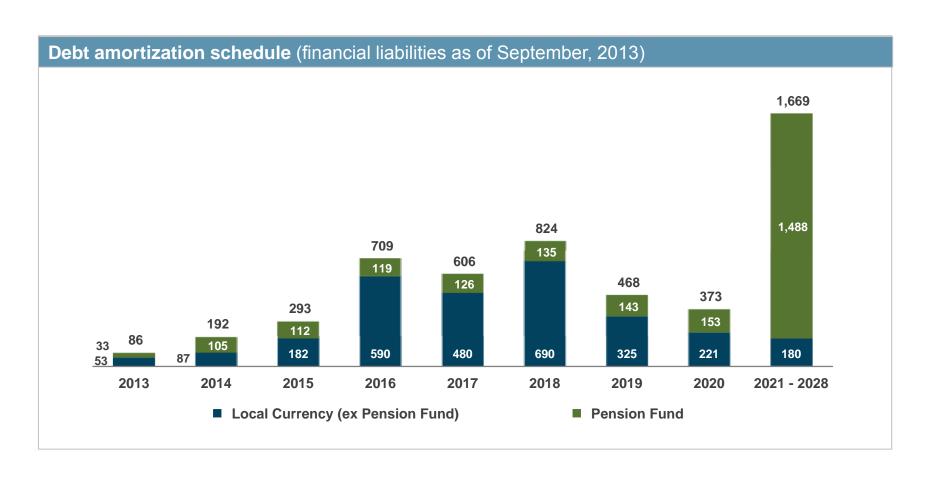














Net income (R\$ million) 1,572 1,348 92.2% 271 141 **55** 2010 2012 9M12 2011 9M13 132 **Net Income** x Income (loss) adjusted for assets adjusted by regulatory assets and liabilities

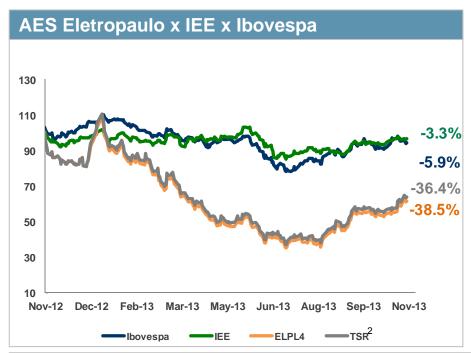
Financial highlights

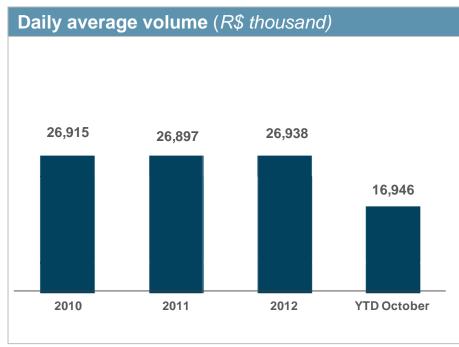
Highlights

- 2013 earnings growth driven
 mostly by cost reduction initiatives
 and better market performance
- Minimum pay-out of 25%



Capital markets





- Market cap³: US\$ 0.8 billion/R\$ 1.7 billion
- BM&FBOVESPA: ELPL3 (common shares) and ELPL4 (preferred shares)
- ADRs at US OTC Market: EPUMY (preferred shares)



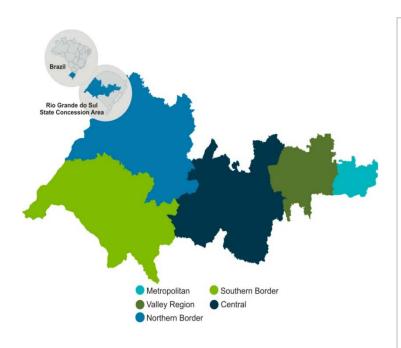






AES Sul





Fast Facts	
Consumption units	1.3 Million
GWh Sold	5,910
Concession area	99,512 km2
Concession expiration	2027

Overview

- Serving 118 municipalities in the State of Rio Grande do Sul and ~3,1 million clients
- **1,484 directed employees**, as of September, 2013

Business drivers

- Regional GDP growth 2.5% (5-year average)
- Tariff reset concluded in April in line with expectations
- Consolidation of efficiency programs, leading to operating costs below regulatory levels (~2%)
- Operational indicators (SAIDI and SAIFI) within regulatory targets and ~30% better than 2009
- **2012 Financials**: Ebitda of R\$ 373 million and net profit of R\$ 255 million
- Distribution of dividends (payout of 63% in 2012)

AES Uruguaiana

AES Uruguaiana



Fast Facts

Combined cycle gas turbine (CCGT)

Capacity (MW) 640 MW

Authorization expiration 2027

Overview

- Natural gas-fired thermal power generation company with commercial operations started in 2000
- Located in the State of Rio Grande do Sul city of Uruguaiana
- Suspended operations in 2008 due to lack of gas supply, and initiated arbitration against YPF in Argentina
- ICC (International Chamber of Commerce) awarded the merits in favor of AES Uruguaiana in May 2013
 - Next and final phase refers to the damages calculation

Business Drivers

- Emergency operation from February 2013 to March 2013 to support reservoirs recovery
- Working to return the plant to long-term service



AES Eletropaulo AES Sul AES Tietê AES Uruguaiana

The statements contained in this document with regard to the business prospects, projected operating and financial results, and growth potential are merely forecasts based on the expectations of the Company's Management in the relation to its future performance. Such estimates are highly dependent on the market behavior and on the conditions affecting Brazil's macroeconomic performance as well as the electric sector and international market, and they are therefore subject to changes.

