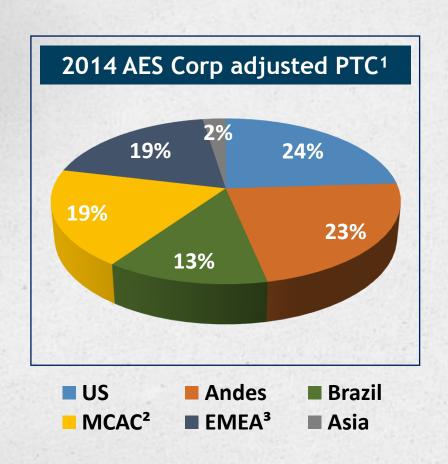




AES Brasil SBU

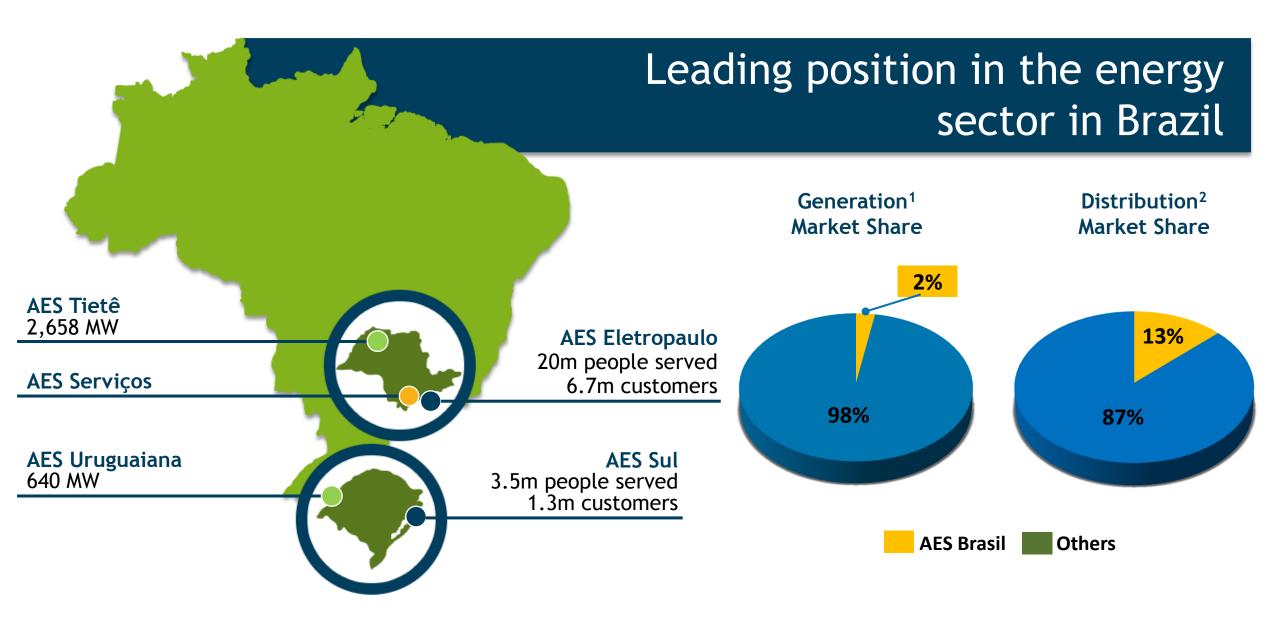
Represents 13% of 2014 AES Corp adjusted PTC¹





AES Corp is organized in Six Strategic Business Units (SBU), focused on key markets

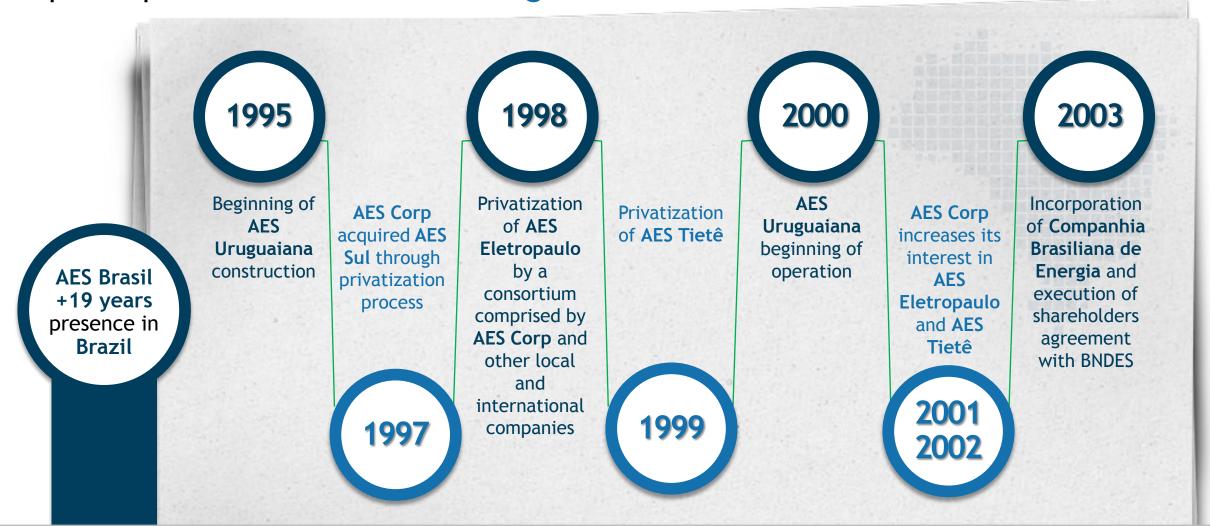






History in Brazil

Solid participation in distribution and generation businesses





AES Brasil Mission, Vision and Values

Mission

To promote well being and development with the safe, sustainable and reliable provision of energy solutions



Vision

To be the leading power company in Brazil that safely provides sustainable, reliable and affordable energy



Values

- Put safety first
- Act with integrity
- •Honor commitments
- •Strive for excellence
- •Have fun through work





AES Brasil environmental responsibility



- Reservoirs repopulation
- Reforesting, border and archeological management programs
- Water quality monitoring
- Recycling and waste disposal programs
- Programs aiming to reduce CO₂ emissions
- Risk Management and identification of opportunities related to climate change



AES Brasil social responsibility



- Access to reliable energy through social development
- Education for efficient and safe use of electricity
- Program which offer cultural and sports activities simulating citizenship practices
- Sustainable partnership commitment with sustainable development at AES Brasil' value chain

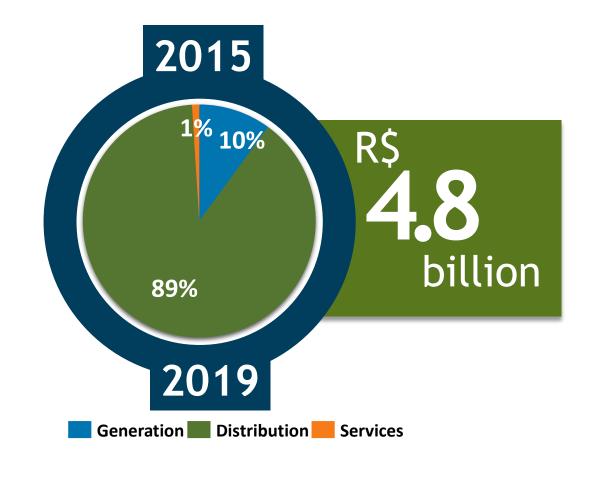
INVESTMENT PLAN

2015 - 2019

AES Eletropaulo R\$ 3.2 billion

AES Tietê R\$ 487 million

AES Sul R\$ 1.1 billion AES Serviços R\$ 19 million





AES Brasil widely recognized

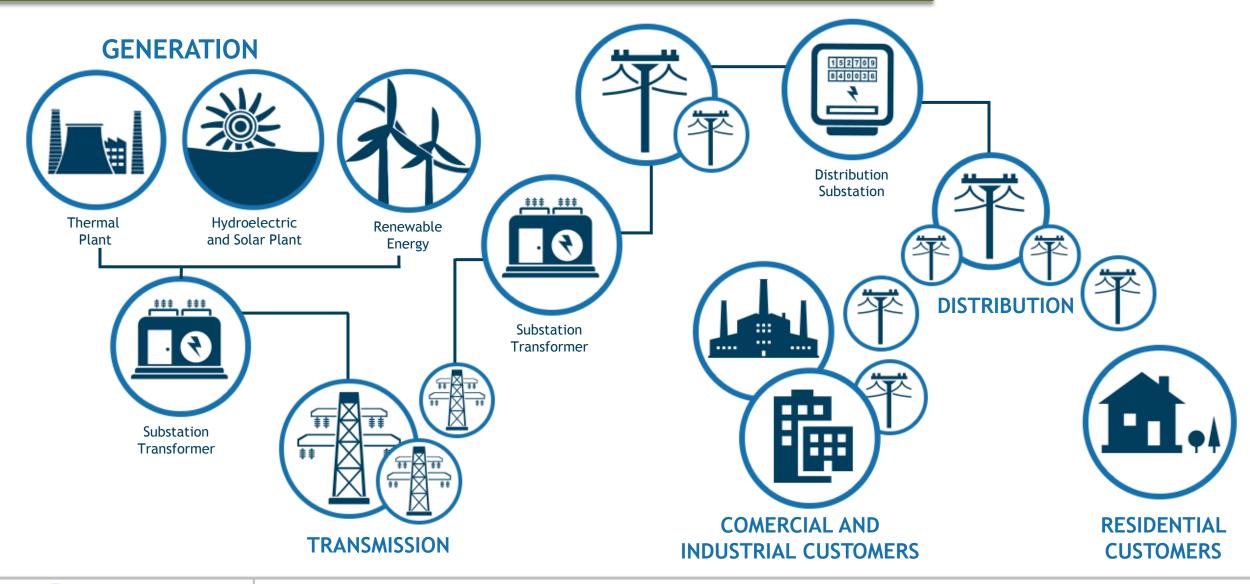






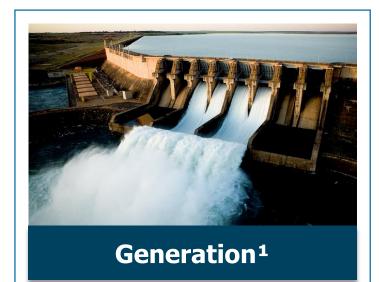


National Interconnected System





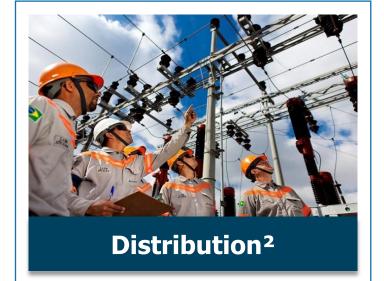
Energy sector in Brazil: businesses segments



- 3,631 power plants
- 139 GW of installed capacity
- System based on hydro plants (66%)
- Contracting environment: free and regulated markets



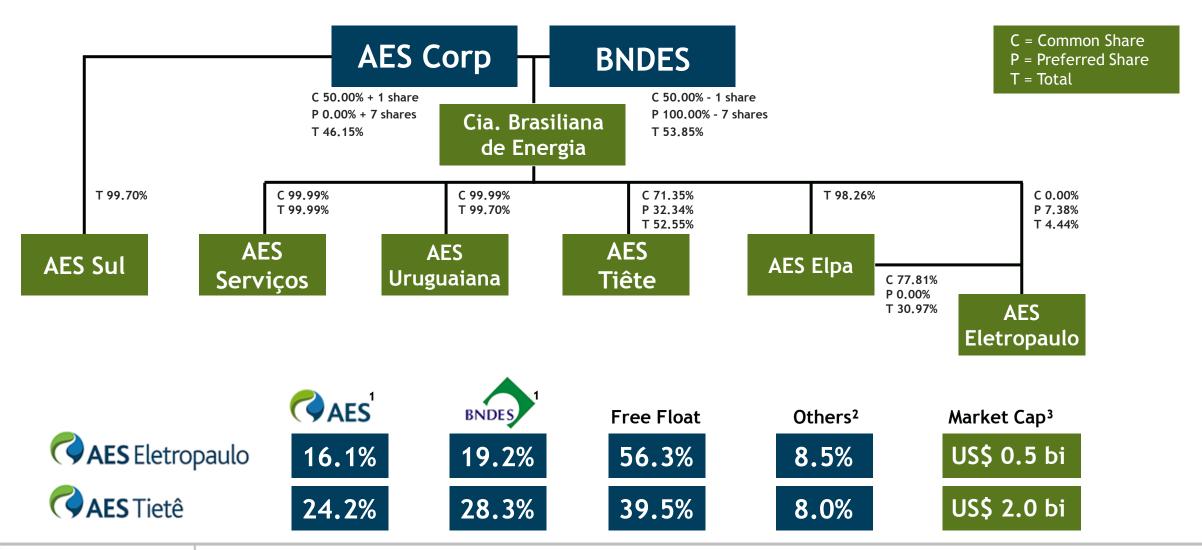
- 77 companies
- High voltage transmission (>230 kV)
- 116,767 km lines (National Integrated System)
- Regulated tariff (annually adjusted by inflation)



- 65 distribution companies
- 473 TWh energy distributed
- 190 million consumers
- Annual tariff adjustment
- Tariff reset every four or five years
- Regulated contracting environment



Ownership Structure

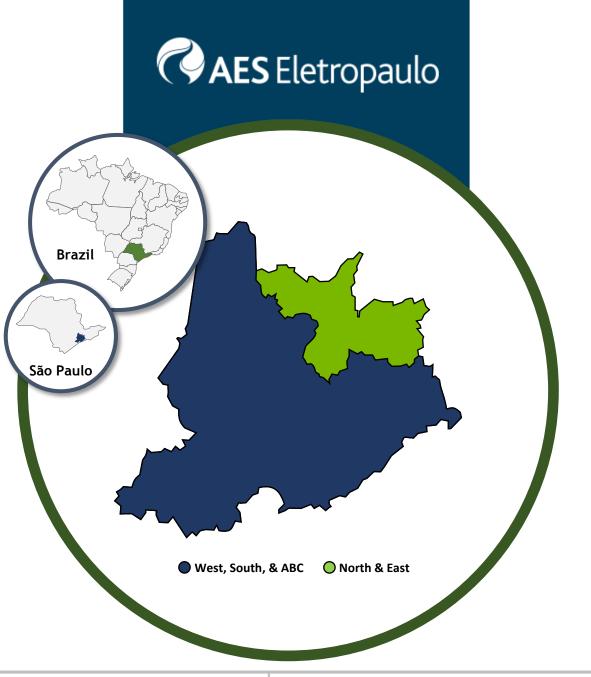




AES Tietê Grande River Brazil 🕨 Água Vermelha (1.396 MW) Euclides de Cunha (109 MW) Nova Avanhandava (347 MW) Caconde (80MW) Limoeiro (32 MW) Promissão (264 MW) Mogi-Guaçu (7 MW) | Ibitinga(132 MW) São Joaquim (3 MW) Bariri (143 MW) São José (4 MW) Barra Bonita (141 MW)

- 3rd largest among private generation companies
- Concession expires in 2029
- Market Cap: US\$ 2.0 billion¹
- 9 hydroelectric plants and 3 SHP³ in São Paulo
- Installed capacity of 2,658 MW, physical guarantee² of 1,278 MWavg
- Physical guarantee fully contracted with AES Eletropaulo through Dec, 2015
- Dividend Yield:
 - 2014: 9.7% PN and 10.4% ON
 - Last 3 years avg: 11.0% PN and 11.4% ON
- Investment grade (Moody's):
 - National: Aa1
 - International: Baa3





- Largest distribution company in Latin America
- 24 cities attended in São Paulo metropolitan area
- Concession contract expires in 2028
- 16% of Brazil's GDP¹ in its concession area
- 4,526 km² concession area
- 46 thousand km of distribution and transmission lines
- 6.7 million customers
- 20 million people served
- 46 TWh distributed in 2014
- 6,152 employees as of December 2014

Investment Grade:

| | Fitch | S&P | Moody's |
|---------------|-------|-----|---------|
| National | Α+ | AA- | Aa3 |
| International | ВВ | ВВ | Ba2 |



1 - Source: IBGE, 2010.



- SAIDI and SAIFI 30% better than in 2009, within regulatory limits
- Operating costs 2% below the regulatory levels
- 118 cities attended in Rio Grande do Sul state
- Concession contract expires in 2027
- 1.3 million customers
- **9,528 GWh** sold in 2014
- 99,512 km² concession area
- 3.5 million people served
- 1,635 direct employees¹
- Regional GDP growth of 3.2%²
- 63% dividend payout in 2012
- R\$ 401 million Ebitda in 2014
- R\$ 207 million invested in 2014





- Beginning of commercial operations in 2000
- Located in the State of Rio Grande do Sul city of Uruguaiana
- Operations were suspended in 2008 due to lack of gas supply
- Initiated arbitration against YPF in Argentina
 - ICC¹ awarded the merits in favor of AES Uruguaiana in 2013
 - Next and final phase refers to the damages calculation
- Emergency operations in 2013, 2014 and 2015 to support reservoirs recovery in Brazil
- Looking for long-term solution

Fast Facts Combined cycle gas turbine (CCGT)

Capacity (MW) 640 MW

Authorization expiration 2027



- Customer-focused Company, that provides electrical energy services
- Focus on offering integrated and high-added-value solutions to the electrical energy agents, industrial and commercial segments, based on AES Brasil strong capabilities and know-how

Main Products

- Commercial technical services
- Consulting in energy efficiency
- Construction and maintenance of substations and transmission lines
- Commercial service: face-to-face service and debt collection
- Affinities: insurance
- Over 3 years of operation
- 5 major clients AES Eletropaulo, Hebraica, Hospital
 Santa Marcelina and Universidade Guarulhos
- 2 operational bases cities of Barueri and São Paulo
- 110 vehicles
- 533 employees



Corporate governance Key for the investment decision

- Operational and Investment Management Committee: robust capital allocation process
- Corporate policy of Integrated Risk Management¹ monthly assessed by Companie's Executive Officers and quarterly by Fiscal committee and Board of Directors
- Corporate governance manual; audit committee installed
- High level of commitment, with monthly Board of Directors meetings

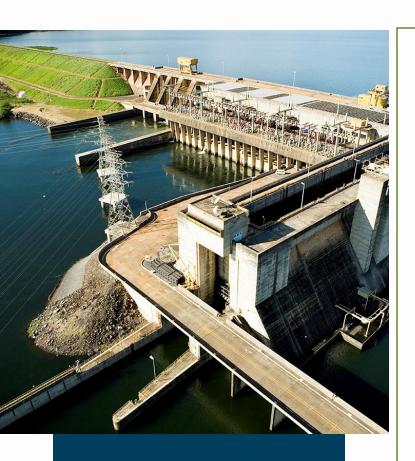
- Listed at BM&FBovespa:
 - ELPL3 and ELPL4: level II
 - GETI3 and GETI4: traditional market
- ISE Corporate Sustainability Index portfolio
- Tag along rights



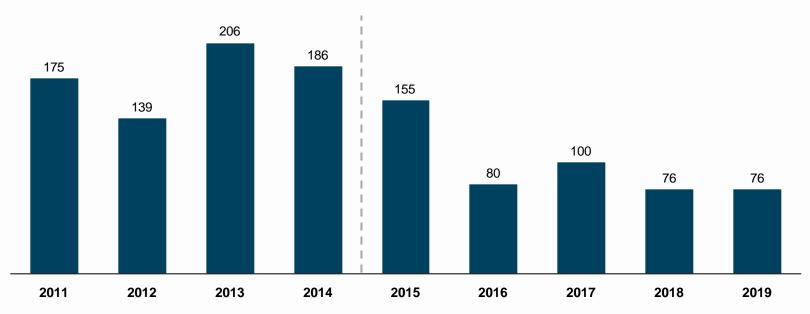




Investment focused on power plants modernization



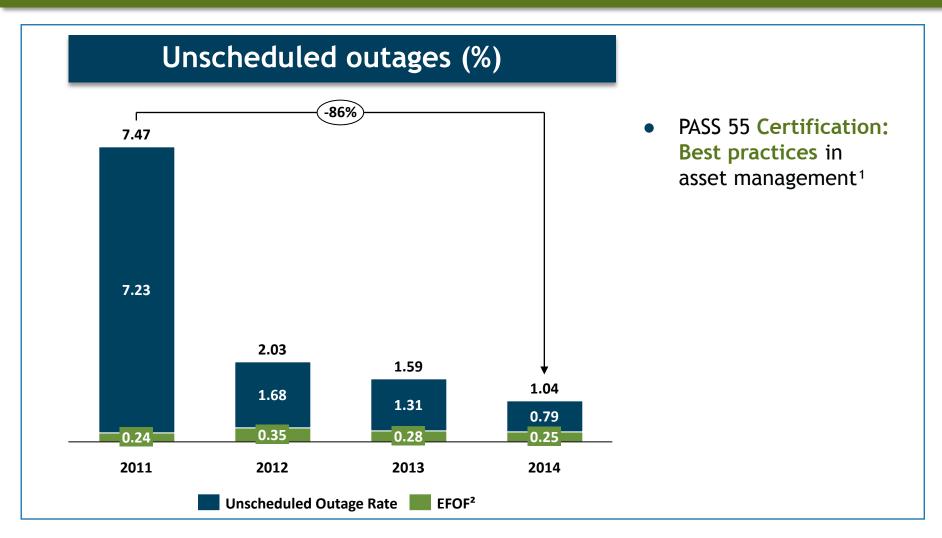
R\$ 487 million projected for 2015-2019



Power plants modernization process, aiming for continuous improvement in operational conditions and ensuring availability in its generation plants



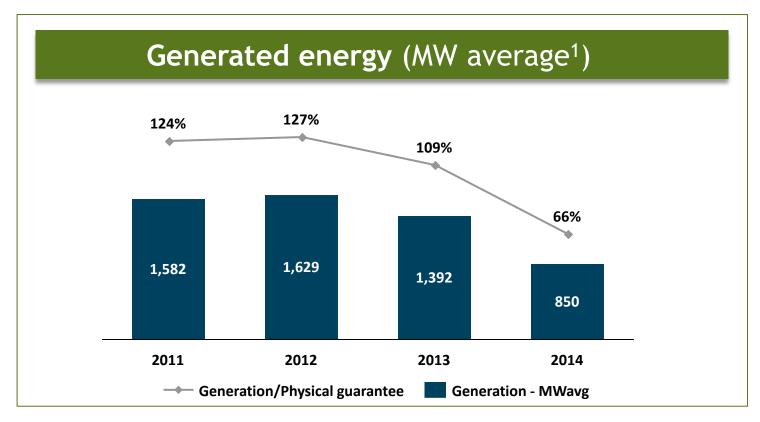
Investments and Best Practices in Asset Management, translates into outages reduction







Energy generation decrease reflects hydrology behavior in the country



- Hydropower plants are dispatched by ONS²
- Dispatch are also related to hydrological conditions:
 - Low hydrology translates into low generation levels

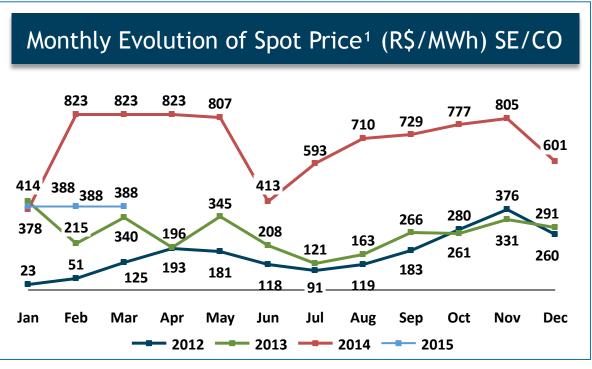




Challenges ahead

Hydrological scenario and spot price





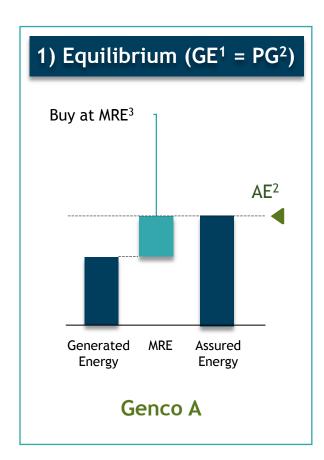
- 2013/2014 rainfall regimes did not recovered Brazilian reservoirs levels
- System is relying on thermal generation (~17 GWavg 2014)

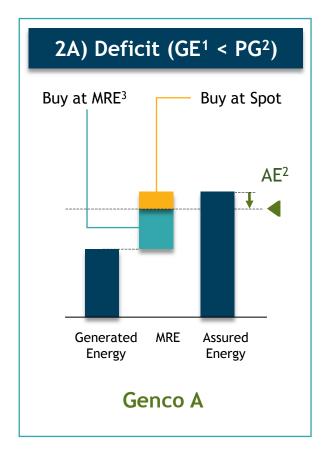
• AES Tietê physical guarantee is 100% contracted until 2015; from 2016 on, Company will have more flexibility to manage the hydrological risk

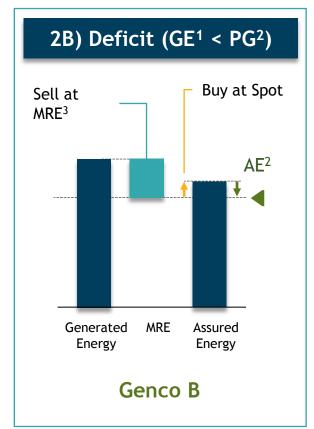


Energy Reallocation Mechanism

(MRE) for hydrological risk sharing







- A physical guarantee (assured energy) is assigned to support contracts
- Energy dispatch
 optimized by
 centralized system
 operator (ONS) on a
 tight pool

Key drivers for hydrological risk

- Generated Energy

 (hydro) in the entire
 system (MRE) influenced by hydrology
- Spot Price marginal cost influenced by hydrology and thermal dispatch

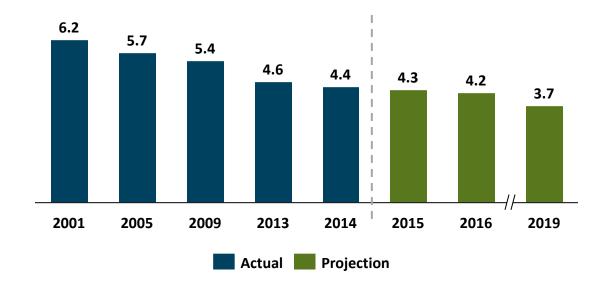


Tight hydrology and lower system storage capacity requires more flexible generation

Thermo São Paulo (503MW) and Thermo Araraquara (579MW)



Storage capacity (months)



Current contracted energy is based on renewable (mainly Wind) and run-of-river hydro projects, which has reduced the energy storage capacity over the recent years.





Growth Initiatives

Diversify Company investments

Thermal São Paulo Project **503 MW**



- Natural gas combined cycle power plant
- Previous license granted in Oct, 2011 valid for 5 years
- Next steps: obtain installation license, gas supply and bid in the auction

Thermal Araraquara Project
579 MW



- Natural gas combined cycle power plant
- Purchase option acquired March, 2012
- Next steps: obtain installation license, gas supply and bid in the auction

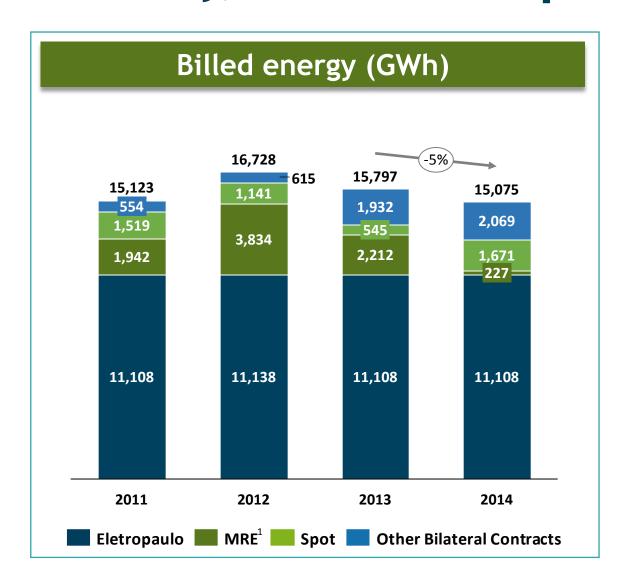
Other initiatives (renewables)

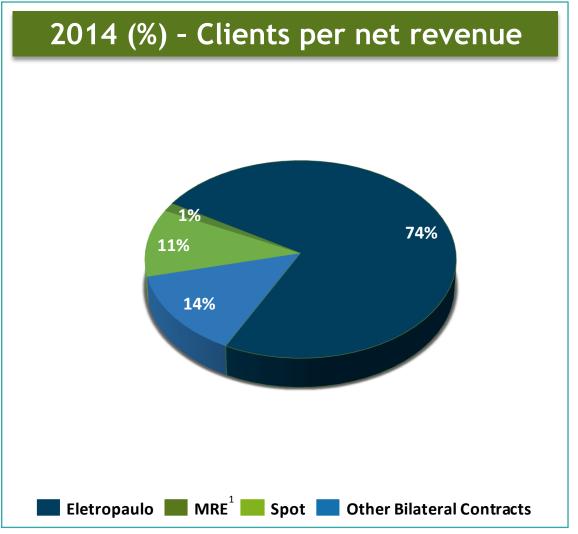


- Solar project: Located in Agua Vermelha power plant, capacity of 28.1 MW
- Company evaluating other generation sources, aiming to increase shareholders value and diversify its portfolio



Currently, AES Eletropaulo is our main client







Contracting environment and opportunities











Commercialization strategy post-2015 leveraging cash flow

Our goal is to sell the major part of Company' physical guarantee in the free market

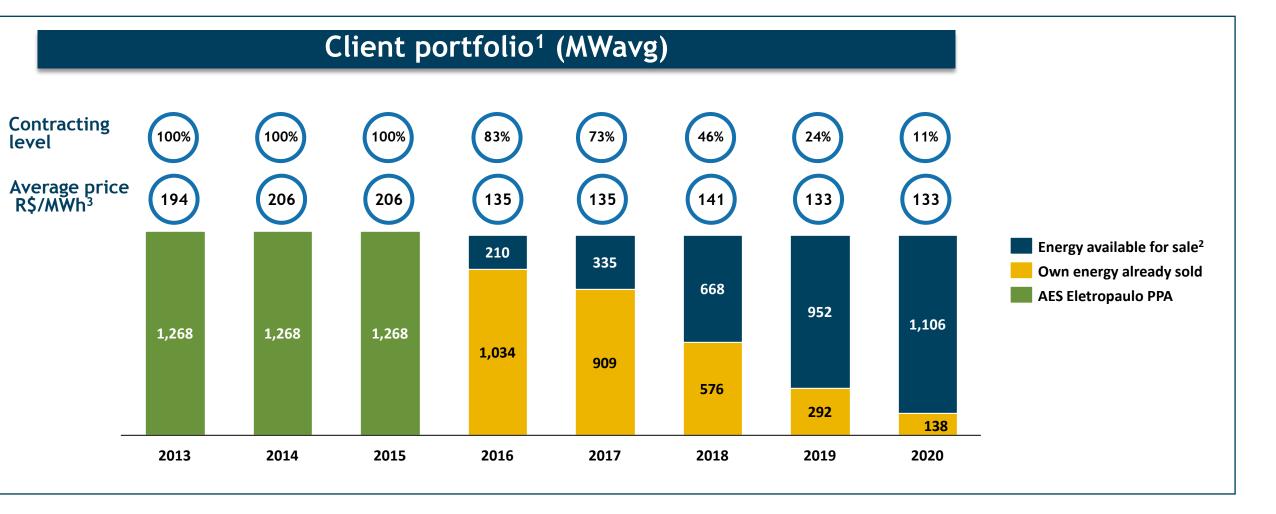
- Customized energy with global experience
- Focus on long term contracts and off takers with a strong financial background aiming to ensure Company' cash flow
- Practices and policies to ensure an adequate risk-profile assessment
- Client Relationship actions to promote AES Tietê and identify clients needs (i.e.: workshops, site visits, satisfaction surveys)
- 458 visits promoted by the team to clients within 2013 and 2014
- We've already sold 83% of the available energy for 2016, 73% for 2017 and 46% for 2018





Commercialization strategy-

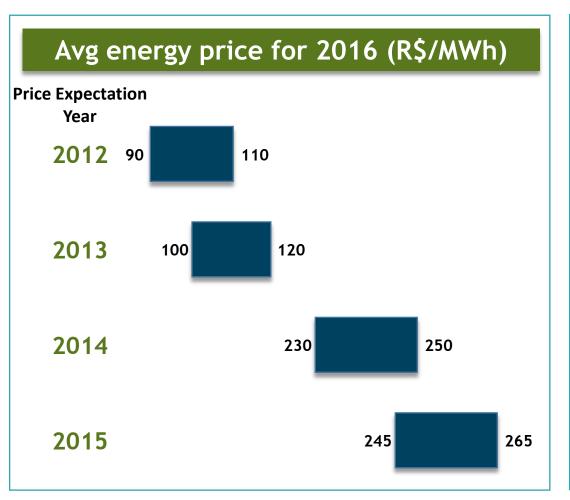
Consistent evolution of client portfolio

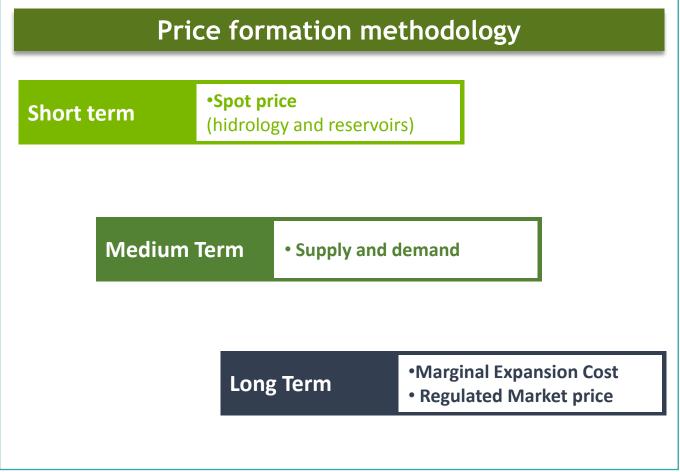




Free Market

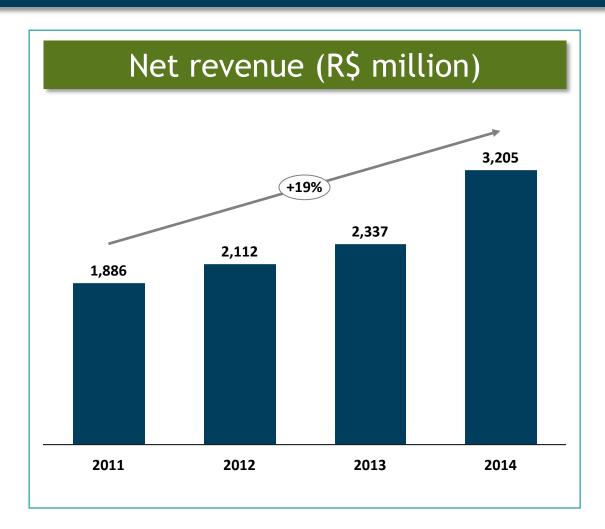
Dynamic and competitive market

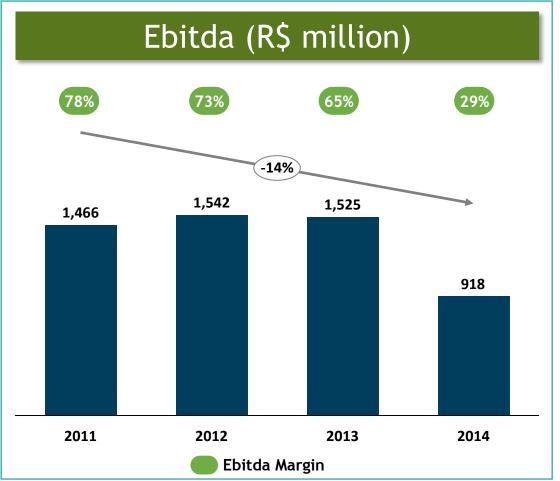






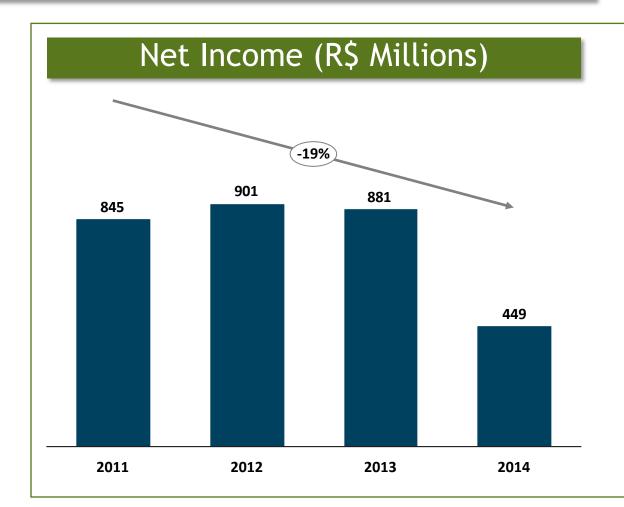
Strong and consistent results...







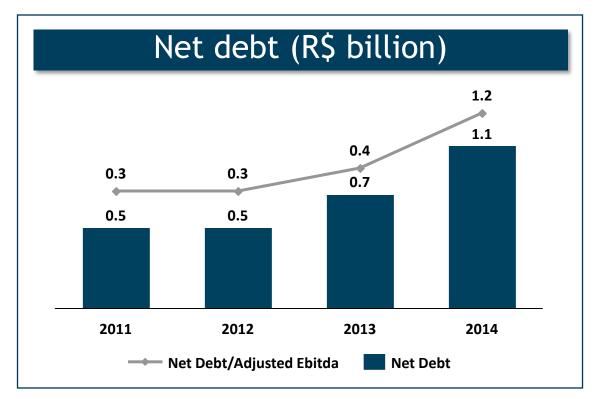
... and attractive returns

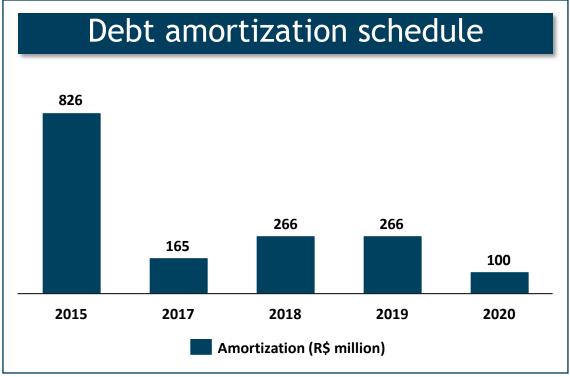


- 25% of minimum pay-out according to bylaws
- Distribution practice: quarterly basis
- Average payout from 2008 to 2014: 112%
- Average dividends since 2008: R\$ 836
 million per year¹
- Dividends approved in 2014:R\$ 644 million



Low leverage level...





Covenants

Net debt/Adjusted Ebitda² ≤ 3.5x Adjusted Ebitda²/Financial Expenses ≥ 1.75x

| Debt Cost | 2013 | 2014 | |
|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|--|
| Average cost (% CDI) ¹ | 107% | 106% | |
| Average term (years) | 2.40 | 2.18 | |
| Effective rate | 12.0% | 13.6% | |



^{1 -} Brazilian Interbank Interest Rate

^{2 -} Adjusted Ebitda - (i) by the financial expenses/revenues and (ii) by the depreciation and amortization values to improve the reflection of the Company's operational cash generation

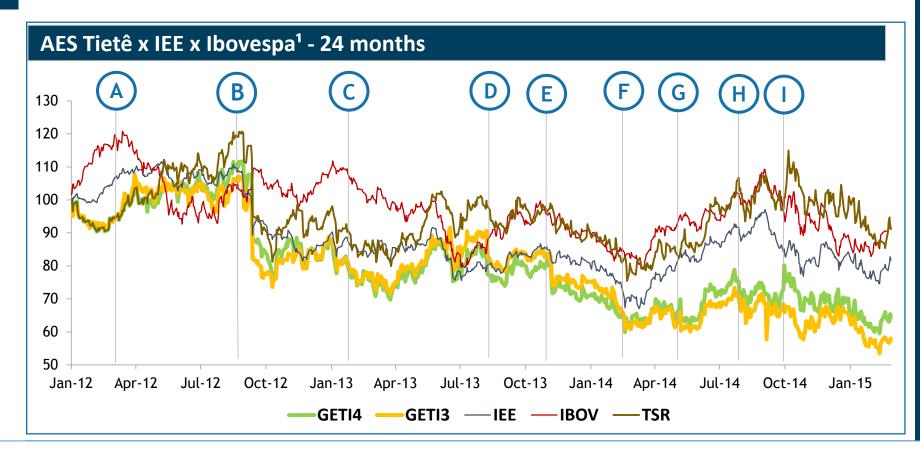


...and consistent cash flow

| R\$ Million | 4Q13 | 4Q14 | 2013 | 2014 |
|-------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Initial Cash | 437 | 223 | 397 | 457 |
| Operating Cash Flow | 400 | (109) | 1,486 | 1,187 |
| Investiments | (87) | (41) | (188) | (173) |
| Net Financial Expenses | (32) | (38) | (62) | (94) |
| Net Amortization | - | 500 | 192 | 499 |
| Income Tax | (20) | (33) | (457) | (483) |
| Free Cash Flow | 262 | 279 | 971 | 936 |
| Dividends and IoE | (242) | (0) | (912) | (892) |
| FINAL CASH CONSOLIDATED | 457 | 501 | 457 | 501 |



Capital markets

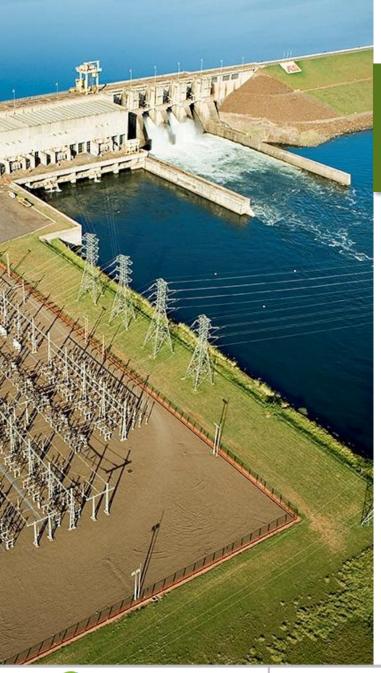


- Mar/2012: 4Q11 results above market expectations
- B Sept/2012: announcement of the Energy Reduction Program, through the PM 579⁴
- Feb/2013: High thermoelectric dispatch to conserve water in the reservoirs increase spot prices
- Aug/2013: 2Q13 results above consensus due to higher-than-expected spot prices
- E Nov/2013: weak 3Q13 results affected by seasonality strategy
- Feb/2014: 4Q13 results slightly below consensus but market show high expectations on 2014 commercialization strategy
- **May/2014:** 1Q14 EBITDA above expectation benefited from seasonality strategy
- H Aug-Oct/2014: high volatility due to Brazilian elections expectations
- Jan/2015: Hidrology for rainy season worse than expected

- Market cap³: US\$ 2.0 billion / R\$ 5.9 billion
- BM&FBOVESPA: GETI3 (common shares) and GETI4 (preferred shares)
- ADRs negotiated in US OTC Market: AESAY (common shares) and AESYY (preferred shares)







We have strong capabilities and business governance

- PASS 55 certification, 1st
 Generation company in Latin
 America
- AES Tietê has been included in the ISE since 2007
- Attractive returns to investors.
 Strong cash generation;
 Maximization of payout

- Cost efficiency and optimized capital allocation
- Established risk management capability

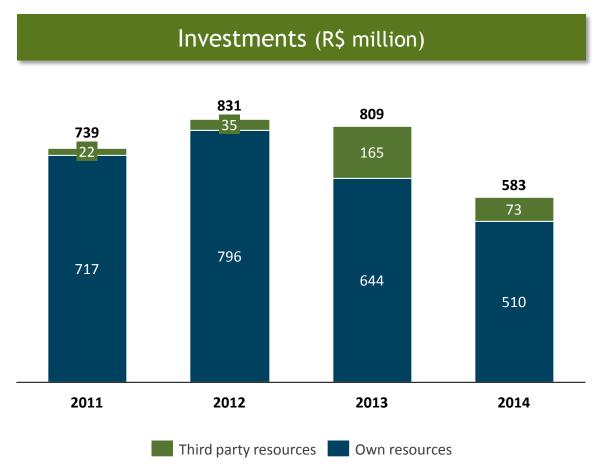




2014 investments focused on

system expansion and quality of service





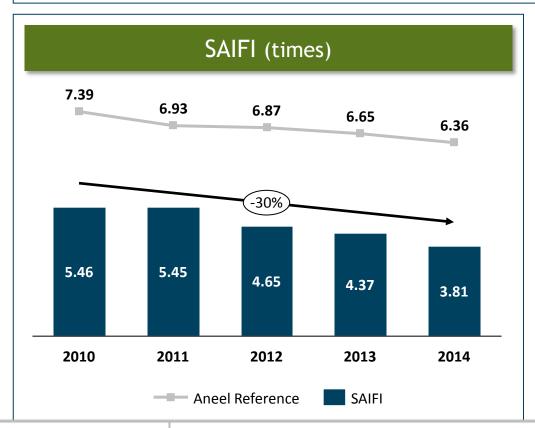
2014 Investment focused on

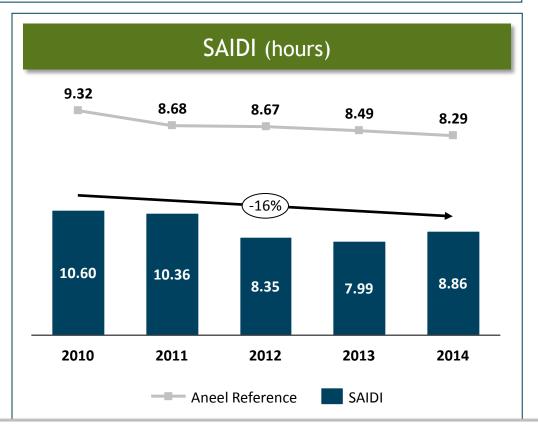
- Substation repowering and energization adding 309MVA to the system's capacity
- 30 km of new distribution lines
- Maintenance in over 4.0 thousand km of the distribution grid
- Regularization of 42 thousand connections



Consistent improvement in the quality of service since 2010

- SAIFI¹: 30% reduction in frequency of interruptions in the last 5 years
- SAIDI²: 16% reduction in hours of interruptions in the last 5 years



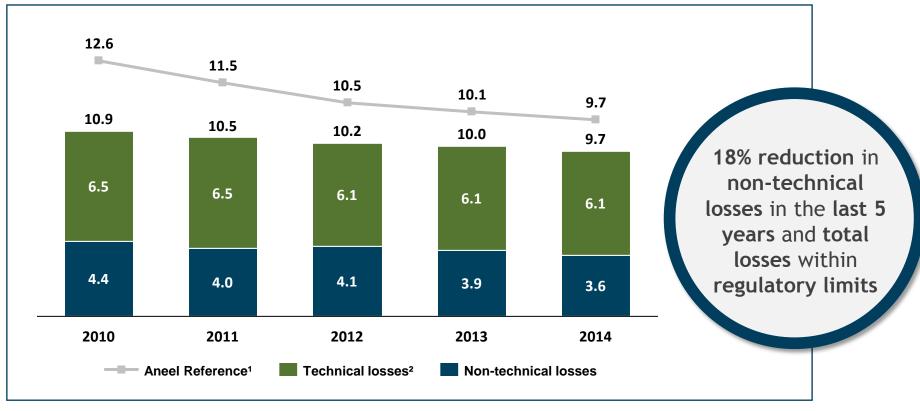




Efficiency in losses reduction

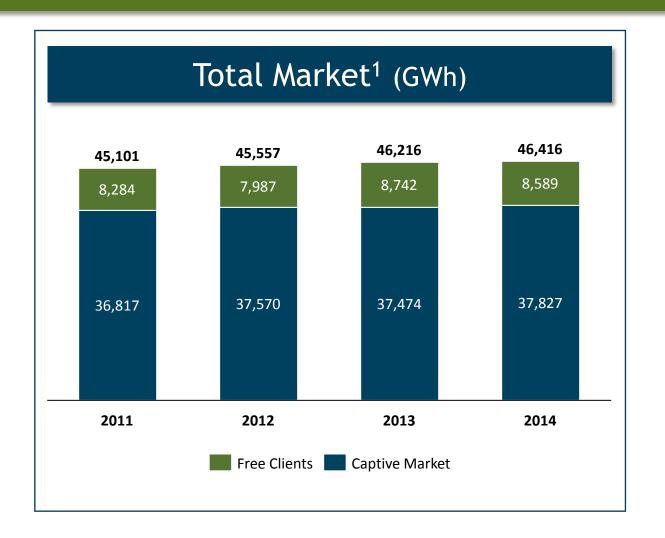
over the last five years







Large and resilient concession area



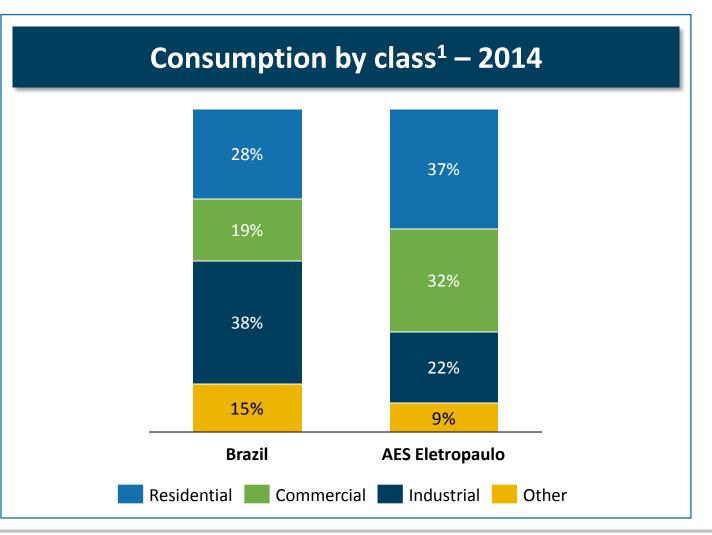
- AES Eletropaulo concession area consists of a mature market, representing approx. 16% of national GDP²
- State of São Paulo's GDP average growth of 2.0% p.a. for the last 5 years³





Consumption expansion is mostly in residential and commercial classes

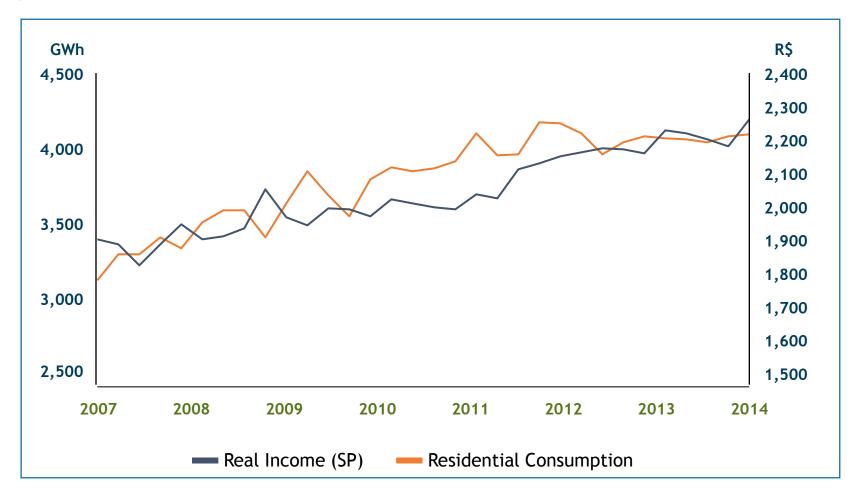






Residential Class

consumption in line with São Paulo state real income





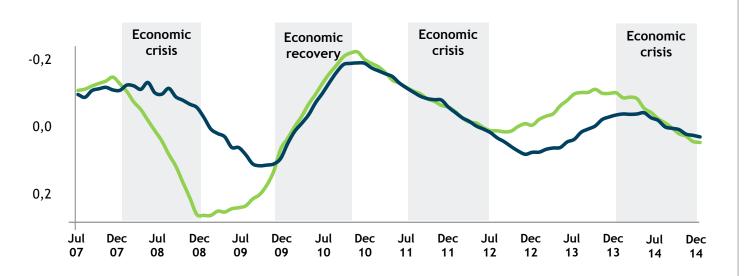
Residential consumption per client grew an average of 0.9% in the last 8 years¹



1 - base date: 2007-2014

Industrial class consumption tied to the industrial production growth in the state of São Paulo

Industrial class X Industrial production in SP¹



- Industrial Production in SP (% 12 months)
- Industrial consumption AES Eletropaulo (% 12 months)

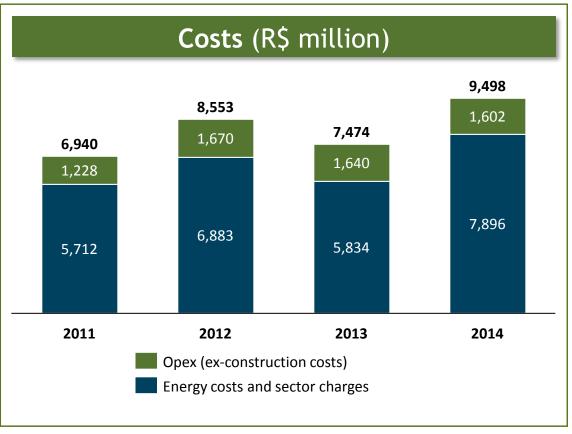
- Industrial consumption impacted by lower industrial production in Brazil
- Consumption focused on more resilient segment (residential and commercial classes)





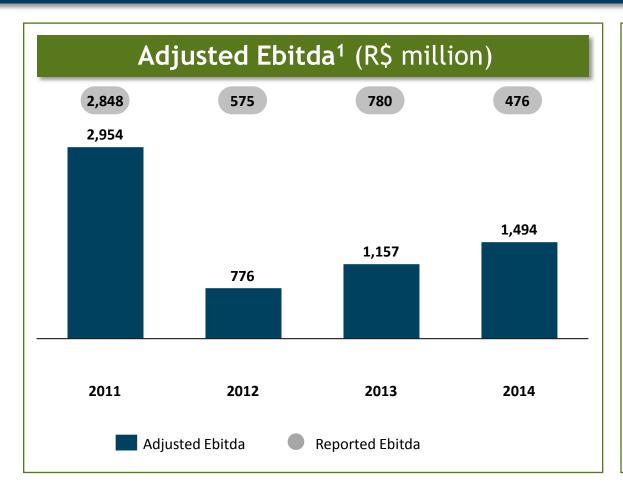
2014 net revenue positively influenced by the tariff readjustment and overcontracted energy

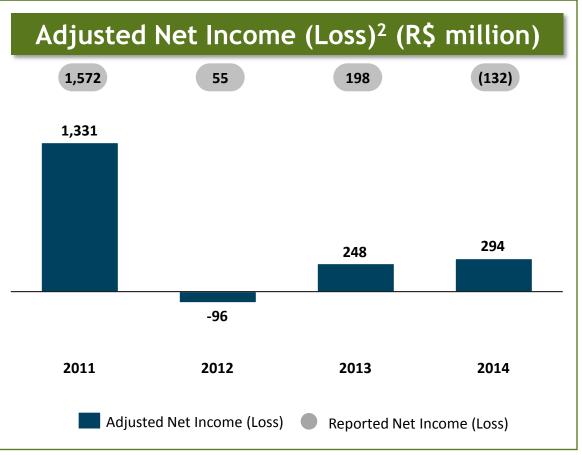






Adjusted Ebitda driven by market and tariff readjustment in 2014







Cost management projects generated R\$ 1,019 MM¹ in savings until 2014

1st wave - 2007-2010

- Headcount reduction
- Support functions centralization - shared services
- Overhead reduction management and contracts renegotiation
- Leadership headcount reduced by 44% from 2008 to 2013
- Currently operating at the same PMSO level as in 2007 while every quality indicators have improved

2nd wave - 2010-2012

- Benchmark approach
- Process review and IT tools to increase performance
- Development of strategic sourcing capability
- Continuous overhead reduction
- Administrative and operational activities centralized in a new site
- Real Estate Plan: sale of assets and maximization of occupancy rate

3rd wave - 2013-2015

- Efficiency gains through process transformation and IT tools integration
- Cost management and innovation as part of the Company's culture
- Consider the total cost of ownership for CAPEX/OPEX allocation decisions
- Sustainability driving value (e.g., ABS initiative with suppliers)



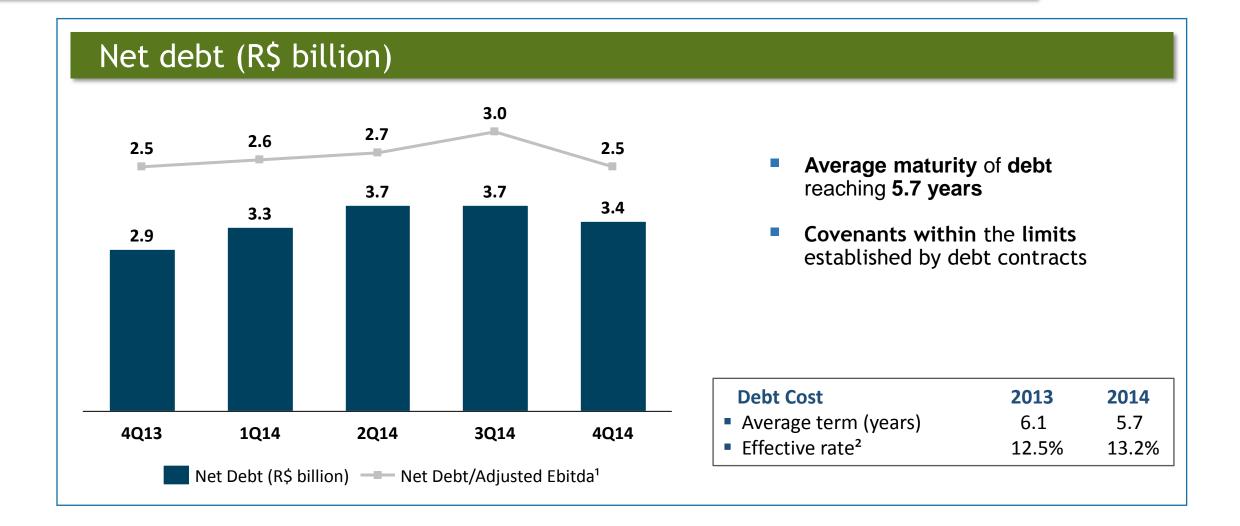


Operational cash flow generation

| R\$ Million | 4Q13 | 4Q14 | 2013 | 2014 |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Initial Cash | 1,288 | 942 | 814 | 974 |
| Operating cash generation | 61 | 433 | 1,480 | 724 |
| Investiments | (175) | (67) | (741) | (501) |
| Net Financial Expenses/Net Amortization | (107) | (149) | (312) | 211 |
| Pension fund expenses | (56) | (44) | (221) | (166) |
| Income Tax | (3) | (2) | (25) | (47) |
| Disposal of assets | 9 | 3 | 49 | 24 |
| Cash restricted and/or locked | 54 | 126 | 26 | (61) |
| Free cash | (266) | 36 | 208 | (33) |
| FINAL CASH CONSOLIDATED | 974 | 909 | 974 | 909 |

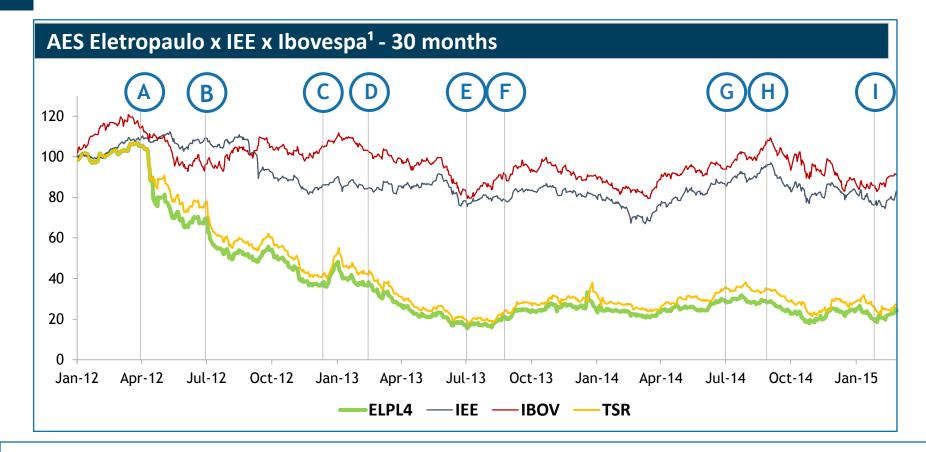


Leverage level within financial covenants





Capital markets



- Market cap³: US\$ 0.5 billion/R\$ 1.5 billion
- BM&FBOVESPA: ELPL3 (common shares) and ELPL4 (preferred shares)
- ADRs at US OTC Market: EPUMY (preferred shares)



- B Jul/2012: Aneel announced official 3PTRC (tariff cut of 9.33%) lowering dividend payout expectations
- C Dec/2012: Court deems Eletropaulo liable for Eletrobras lawsuit. Eletropaulo appealed the decision.
- D Feb/2013: 4Q12 EPS affected by energy costs and regulatory charges
- E Jul/2013: Low tariff adjustment due to payment of 2/3 of 3PTRC "Bubble"
- F Aug/2013: 2Q13 results above expectations. Efficiency in cost reduction.
- G Jul/2014: Tariff readjustment approved by ANEEL including 50% of "cable" restitution
- H Aug-Oct/14: high volatility due to Brazilian elections expectations
- Jan/15: Tariff republished without the "cable" restitution







Índice de Ações com *Tag Along* Diferenciado



We have strong capabilities and corporate governance

- AES Corporation and BNDES as major shareholders: long-standing reputation in the market
- Consumption focused on more resilient segment (residential /commercial market)

- 2015-2019 investment plan of R\$ 3.2 billion mainly focused on customer services and better quality indicators
- Efficiency on recognizing investments on the RAB
- Deleveraging and improving capital structure







Brazil remains as one of the most relevant economy in Latin America with plenty growth opportunities

Brazil represented 38%
 of Latin America's
 2013 GDP

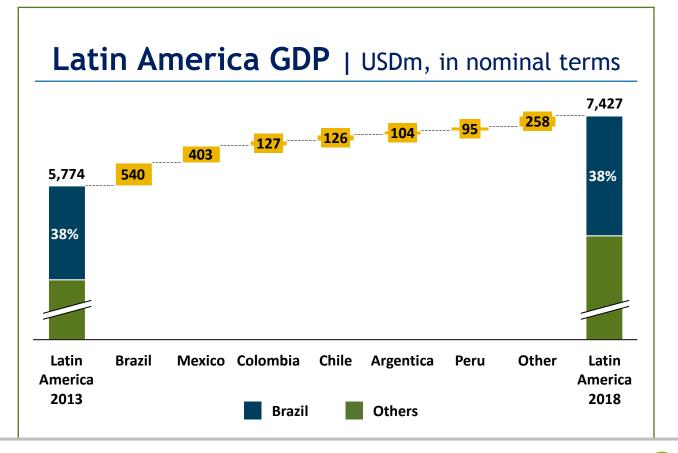


 Brazil is expected to contribute with ~33% of Latin America's growth from 2013-2018¹



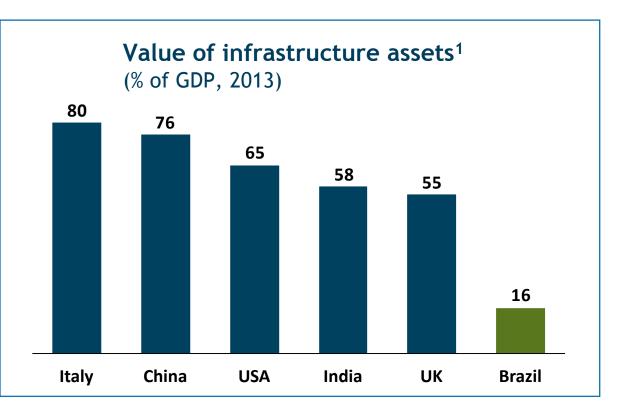
 Brazil has ~200 million inhabitants²







Infrastructure investments are required for Brazil development

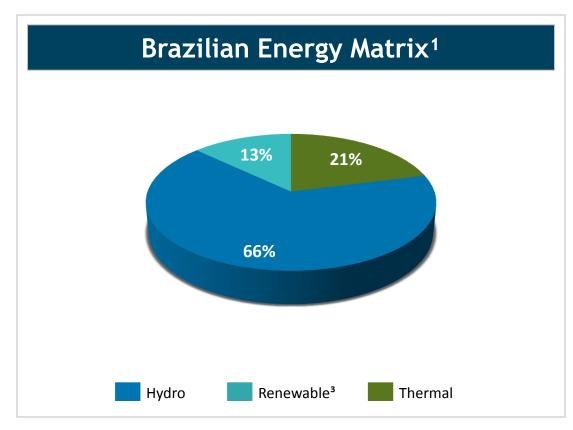


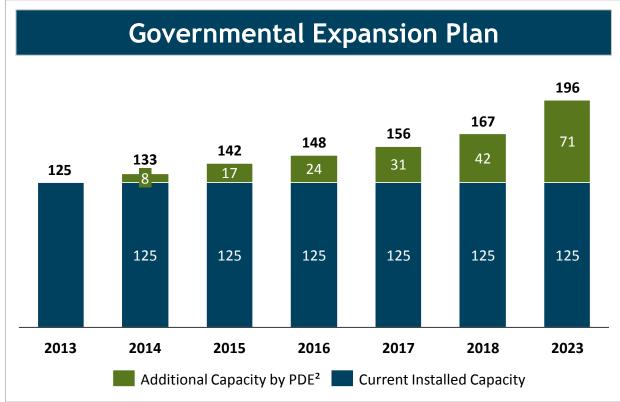






... and generation -Brazilian Energy Matrix and perspectives





- Energy matrix based on hydropower plants
- Thermal source is responsible for system reliability
- Expansion based mainly on renewable and run-of-river hydropower plants



Appendix



Tariff methodology for distributors

- Tariff Reset is applied each 4-5 years
 - AES Eletropaulo next tariff reset: Jul/2015;
- AES Sul next tariff reset: Apr/2018
- Parcel A: costs are passed through to the tariff
- Parcel B: costs are set by ANEEL
- Annual tariff adjustment
- Parcel A: costs are passed through to the tariff
- Parcel B: costs are adjusted by IGPM +/- X Factor¹

Transmission

Energy Purchase Sector Charges

Regulatory Opex (PMSO)

Regulatory Opex

Parcel A Costs

through to the tariff

Incentives to reduce costs

Efficient operating cost determined by **ANEEL**

Non-manageable costs that are passed

Remuneration **Asset Base**

X Depreciation

X WACC

Remuneration

Investment

Depreciation

- **Remuneration Asset Base**
- Prudent investments used to calculate the investment remuneration (applying WACC) and depreciation

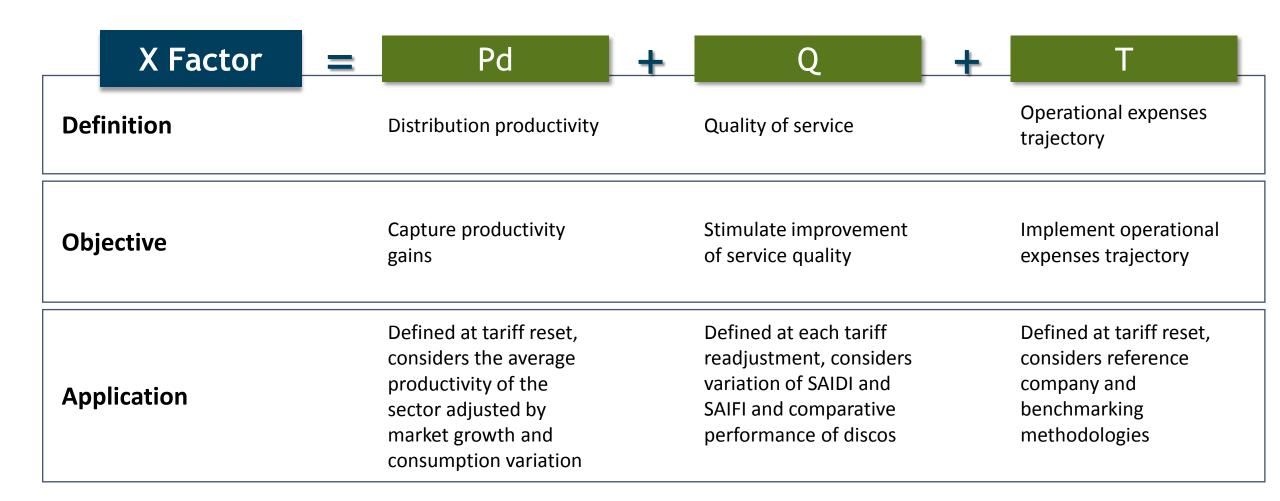
Regulatory **Ebitda**

Parcel A - Non-Manageable costs

Parcel B - Manageable costs



X Factor methodology





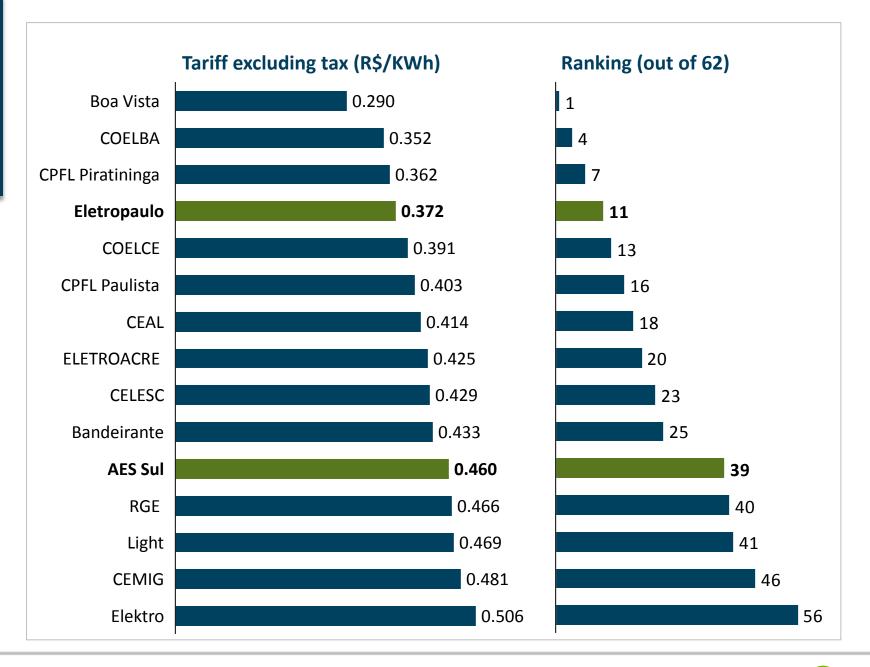
Tariff Reset Cycles

| | Third Tariff Reset Cycle | Fourth Tariff Reset Cycle Discussion |
|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Regulatory Asset Base | Approximately 20% of investments not recognized in the RAB | Proposal to define average regulatory COM and CA |
| Invested Capital Compensation WACC | WACC net nominal: 10.13% WACC net real: 7.50% FX Risk and Regulatory Risk no longer part of the formula | WACC net real: 8.09% Only topic already defined by the regulator |
| OPEX | Transition methodology: Updated Reference Company value of the 2 nd cycle (w/o detailed calculation) and use of non parametrical benchmarking methodology | Maintenance of efficiency calculation through benchmarking and the proposal of new parameters to evaluate efficiency, including non-technical losses and service quality |
| X Factor | Total Productivity Factor (TPF) methodology: based on potential productivity gains and the quality of the service provided | Sector's average productivity = 1.64% (3TRC of 1.03%) |



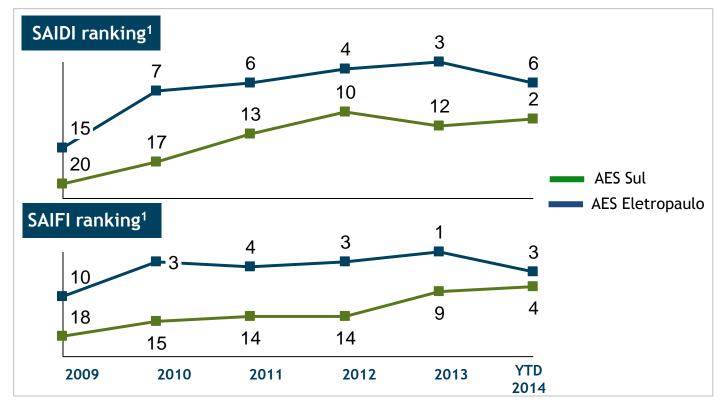
AES Brasil discos among the lowest distribution tariffs in the country

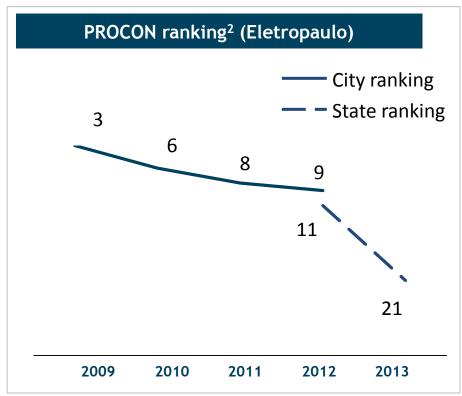






AES distribution companies have been improving their service level performance over the years





- Eletropaulo had the 3rd best SAIFI in Brazil in the 3T14; AES Sul reached TOP 10 (7.38 occurences);
- Eletropaulo had the 6th SAIDI in Brazil (8.34 hours); AES Sul with best performance in history (14.08 hours);
- Eletropaulo had reduced amount of claims by 33.33%, from 2012 to 2013 (384 in 2013).



Abradee's¹ Ranking



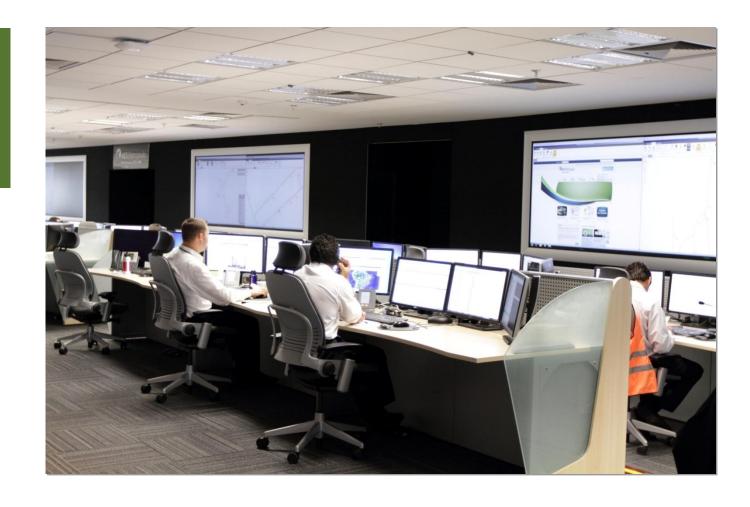




New distribution and sub-transmission operations center allows efficiency gains

Modern layout maximizes the dispatch efficiency and decision making during the outage power restoration

- Integration of DOC¹ and SOC² technicians into a modern and collaborative workplace:
 - enabling to rearrange positions at any time optimizing the use of resources
 - improving operational efficiency
 - encouraging a multifunctional profile





Modern and integrated systems contributes to the best allocation of resources

Integrated and automated systems allow the monitoring of sub-transmission and distribution grid and the best allocation of resources for operational efficiency gains

- State of the art in technologies for management of events and teams, providing a global vision of emergency teams location throughout the concession area;
- Service orders transmission through data devices, dispatching service teams that are closer to the location, minimizing attendance time;
- Innovative technology for forecasting and monitoring of summer rains, strategically located in the Company's substations anticipating the resources allocation



